## Screening for Plagiarism

## The concept of plagiarism is determined as follows

Plagiarism - promulgation (publication), fully or partially, of another's work under the name of a person who is not the author of this work.

Self-plagiarism (re-publishing) - of large text parts from own scientific papers by the author without stating the fact of their prior or simultaneous publication.

Textual plagiarism - full or partial copying of text fragments (modified or not) in the articles, theses, reports, books, manuscripts, theses, and so on.

The following actions clear characterize the process of plagiarism:

* turning in someone else's work as your own;
* copying another person's words or ideas without reference to its work;
* intentional omission the quote from the reference list;
* providing incorrect source data (such as "broken" links);
* changing words order, while preserving the overall structure of a sentence;
* copying large parts of text or ideas that makes up the majority of new article.

Plagiarism is classified in the following categories:

* the exact verbatim copying (Copy \& Paste) without a proper bibliographic reference to the borrowed fragments;
* copying with modifications in language, vocabulary and technological interpretation (the words switching, replacing letters, numbers, etc.);
* style plagiarism;
* translation from another language;
* idea plagiarism.


## Procedure

* Executive editor check all submitted manuscripts by Unicheck software solution at the stage of initial review.
* If plagiarism is detected - the Editors have the right to reject the submitted manuscript.
* The authors are responsible for the accuracy of the information presented in the articles, the accuracy of the names, last names and citations.
* In case of finding out plagiarism authors have the responsibility according to the current legislation of Ukraine (Law of Ukraine "On Copyright and Related Rights" / Закон України «Про авторське право і суміжні права»).

